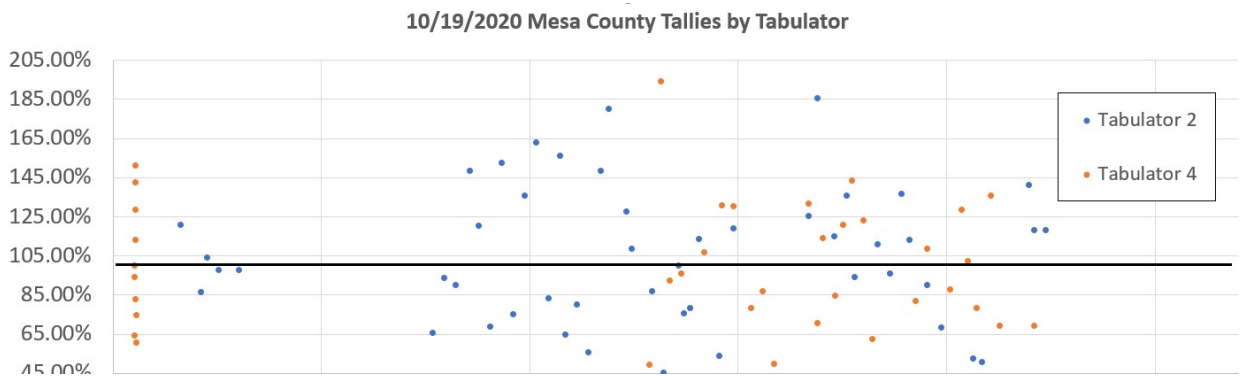


ADDENDUM A – TABULATOR ANALYSIS (11/26/2021)

Data researcher and statistical analyst Draza Smith examined the distribution of votes in the Mesa County Batches. Her findings provide more evidence that batches processed on November 19th, 2020, were not consistent with the rest of the batches processed.

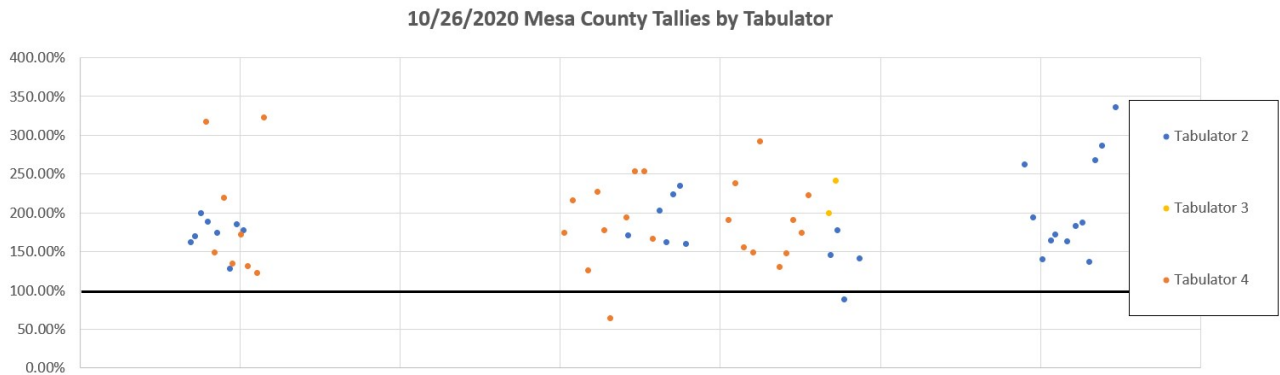
Following is a chart showing the batch distribution on the 19th. Two tabulators were used that day, and both are mail-in tabulators. Each dot represents one batch, and its height represents the Trump to Biden vote ratio within the ballots in the batch. The chart is shown by time processed from left to right. Each batch contains approximately 100 votes.



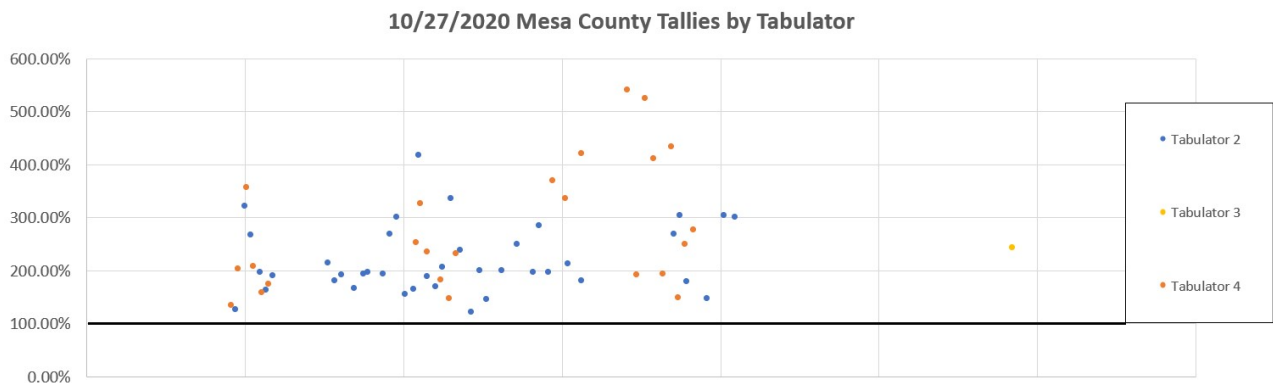
The first observation is the first eight batches processed (in orange, Tabulator 4) were processed within seconds of each other, and they are rather evenly distributed above and below the dark black line, which represents the point at which the Trump to Biden vote ratio would be equal. The rest of the batches also shows a somewhat equal distribution between Trump majority batches and Biden majority batches.

Now, this chart shows the same information for the mail-in tabulators on November 26th, 2020. As both days process mail-in ballots, it can be

assumed that the Trump to Biden ratio of these batches should strongly correlate to those processed on the 19th.



The batch distribution clearly shows a Trump majority in nearly every batch. The next day, the 27th, shows this phenomenon even more clearly:



The conclusion is clear. It is extremely unlikely that the ballots scanned and tabulated on October 19th, which included the 58 suspicious ballots, were part of the same “universe of mail-in” voters, as the other days.